

You have the right to receive a “Good Faith Estimate” explaining how much your medical care will cost

Under the law, health care providers need to give *patients/clients who don't have insurance or who are not using insurance* an estimate of the bill for medical items and services.

- You have the right to receive a good faith estimate for the total expected cost of any non-emergency items or services. This includes related costs like medical test, prescription drugs, equipment, and hospital fees.
- Make sure your healthcare provider gives you a good faith estimate in writing at least one business day before your medical services or item. You can also ask your healthcare provider, and any other provider you choose, for a good faith estimate before you schedule an item or service.
- If you receive a bill that is at least \$400 more than your good faith estimate you can dispute the bill.
- Make sure to have a copy or picture of your good faith estimate.

For questions or more information about your rights visit www.cms.gov/nosurprises